Weatherization A Holistic Approach

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"House as a System" Approach Proactively Addresses:

Moisture & Ventilation
Air Infiltration
Insulation
Heating & Cooling
Combustion Safety



Pre and Post Weatherization Envelope





How can we achieve this dramatic change safely?

Proactively Improve Moisture Management BEFORE you Weatherize



Wet basements and crawlspaces must be addressed...



Moisture & Ventilation are a BIG Deal!





And bath exhaust fans should be installed or upgraded...

Or We Suffer the Consequences!

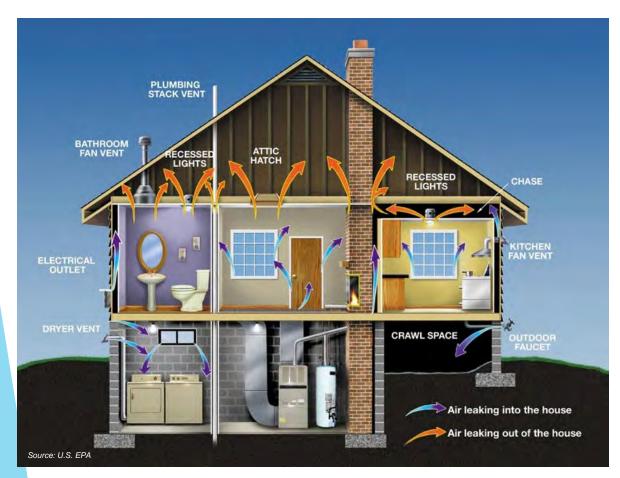


Green Building Advisor/Reuben Saltzman, Structure Tech





Air Leakage has the Greatest Impact on Comfort and Building Durability



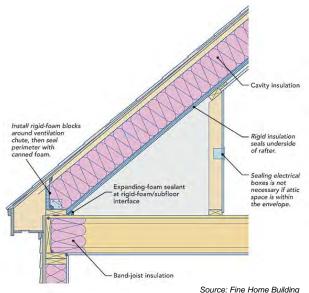
The heated air inside the home is naturally buoyant and puts pressure on the upper envelope of the home

The positive pressure forces the heated air out through gaps and cracks in the pressure barrier

For every cubic foot of heated air that leaves through the top, a cubic foot of cold, unconditioned air must enter from below

"Stack Effect"

Insulation has the 2nd Greatest Impact on Comfort and Building Durability

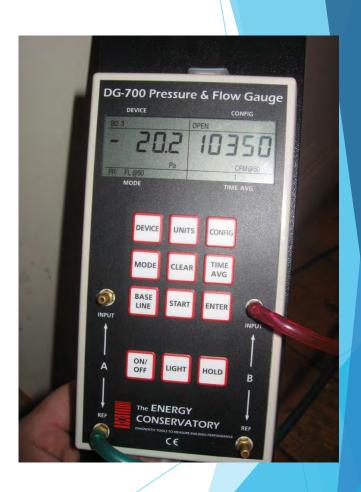


What type, how much, and where the heck do I put it?



Start with an Energy Audit





Independent or "all-in-one"?

Site Conditions Survey



Site Drainage

Roof Water Management

Ice Dams

Vegetation

Exterior Vents

Opportunities for Solar?



Basement and Crawlspaces



These areas are connected to the living space above - Yuk!

A wide open basement bulkhead entry



Impacts to Indoor Air Quality



Indoor air quality offenders in the basement negatively impact indoor air quality throughout the home



Health & Safety Issues



Unvented gas log sets

Knob & Tube wiring

Vermiculite

Asbestos

Combustion Safety





Attics



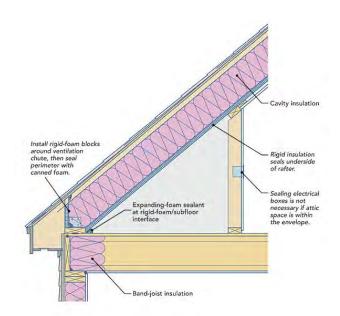
Safety

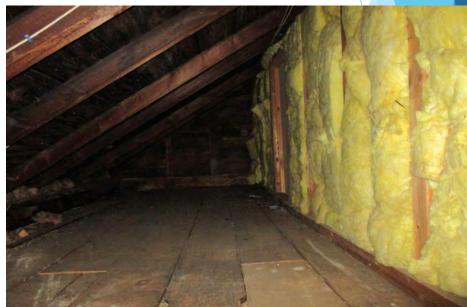
Insulation Type

Location

Attic Access







Big Holes = Big Heat Loss

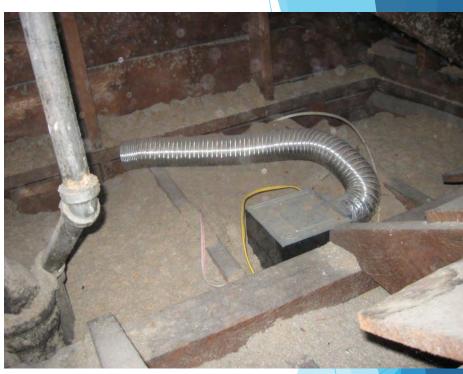




Where Do the Bath Fans Vent?

Nowhere!





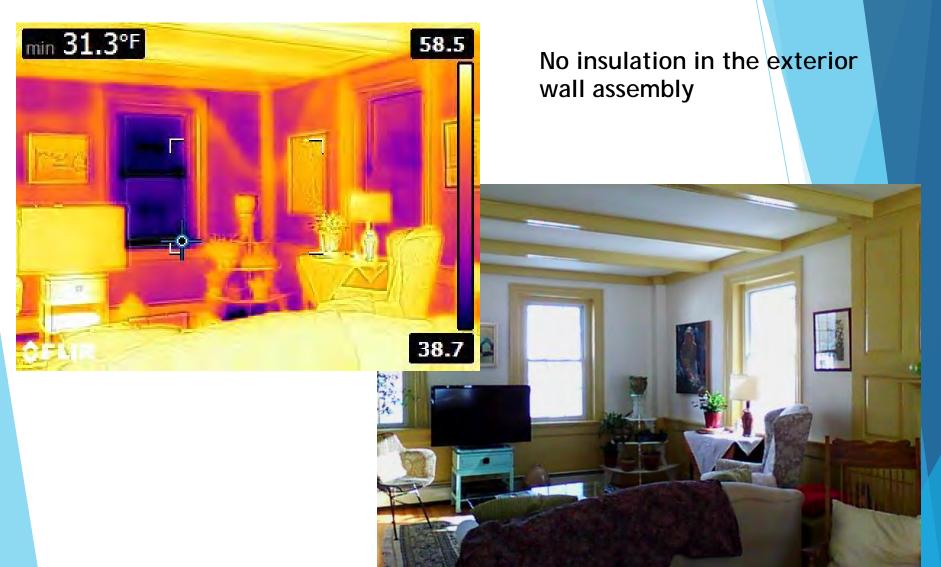
Dirty Fiberglass = Air Movement

Blower Door Testing





Thermal Imaging With Infrared Camera



Existing Mechanical Systems





Aging, inefficient equipment for space heating and hot water

Combustion Safety



When we weatherize leaky basements....

Combustion air is often needed



New Mechanical System Opportunities

Best paired with a weatherized building envelope



Building Envelope Weatherization Measures

Weatherize the Basement



Basements and crawlspaces should generally be included in the building envelope

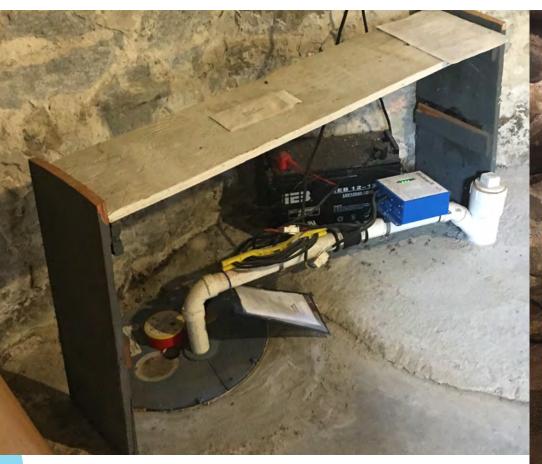
To do this safely, we need to mitigate moisture first...

Moisture Mitigation



First step - direct roof water away from the foundation walls

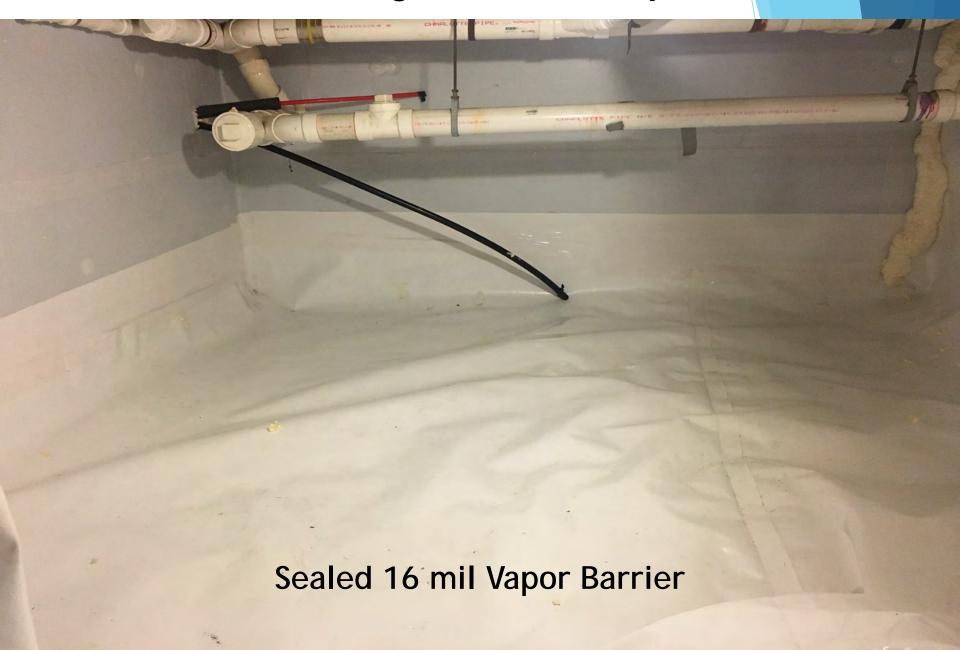
Moisture Mitigation - Sump Basins



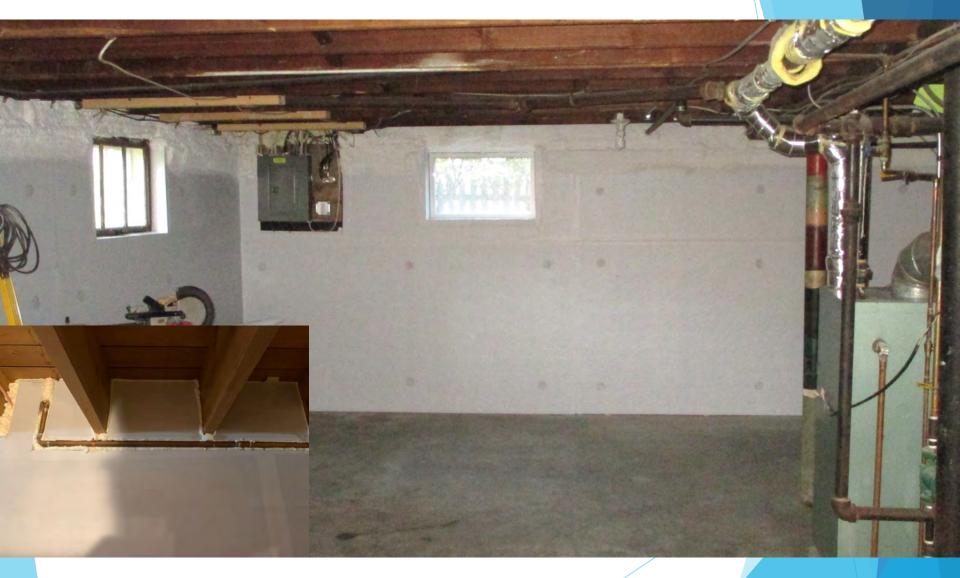
Sealed Sump Basins Should Be Installed



Moisture Mitigation - Encapsulation

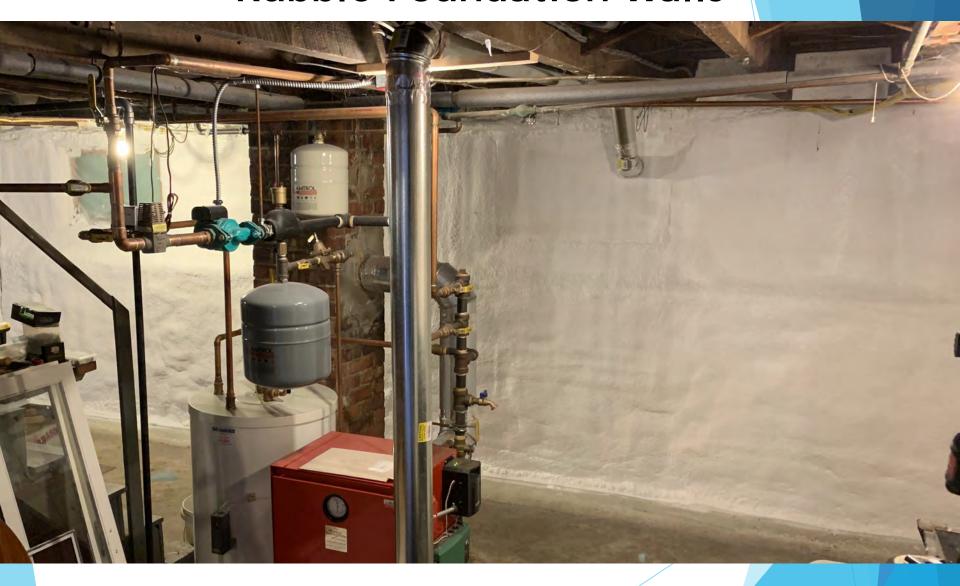


Poured Foundation Walls



2" White Faced Thermax Rigid Foam Board, R-13

Rubble Foundation Walls



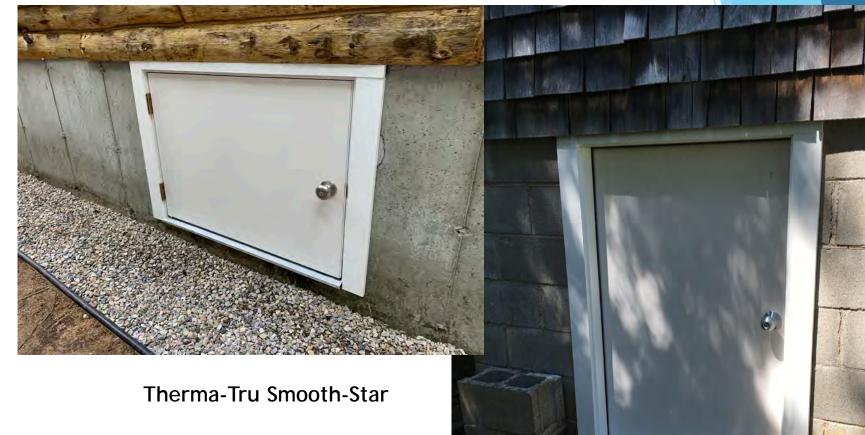
2" Closed Cell Spray Foam with Thermal Barrier, R-13

Crawlspaces - Clean and Encapsulate





Replace the Basement/Crawlspace Door



Insulated

Fiberglass - no rust

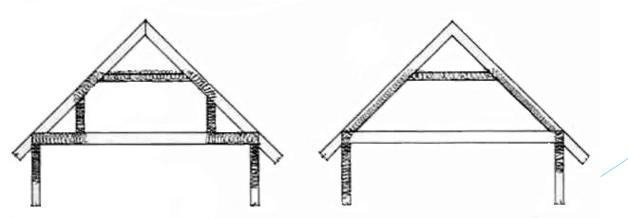
Composite jamb options

To the Attic!





How is the attic space being used?



What is the most effective way to define the building envelope?

Clean the Space

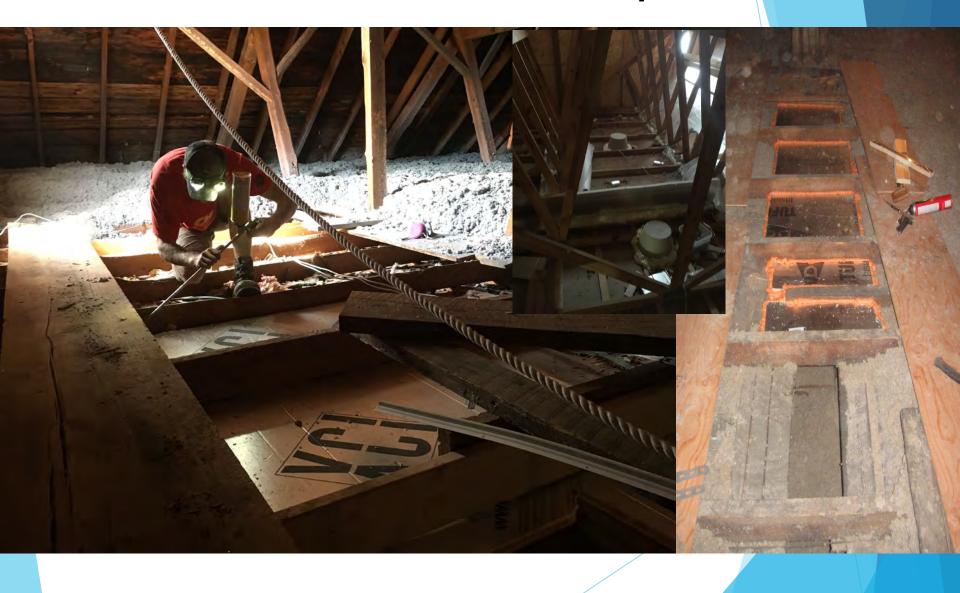


Fiberglass does not effectively stop air movement (heat loss)

Identify Air Sealing Opportunities....



And Seal Them Up



Don't Forget the Chimney...



Verify and/or Install Attic Venting



If possible....

Treat the Attic Hatch





Insulation Dam

Rigid Foam Applied to Hatch Cover

Weatherstripping Applied to Hatch Opening

Upgrade the Bath Exhaust Fan



May require an electrician

Should be ducted to the closest gable end wall, if possible

Use rigid metal ductwork, sealed with mastic



Install Cellulose



16" Loose Fill Cellulose, R-49



Existing Exterior Walls



After the attic and basement have been weatherized

Ideally completed as part of a larger siding or renovation project

Thank You!



